## THE HOLLSTEIN JOURNAL

NOVEMBER 2017

Although called the Hollstein Journal, this issue is dedicated to our forthcoming publication in our series *Studies in Prints and Printmaking*.

It has been over ten years since our last book in the series was published, the well-received catalogue *Rembrandt as an etcher*. We are happy to announce that the seventh publication in *Studies in Prints and Printmaking* will now make its appearance, the long-awaited *Prints at the Court of Fontainebleau*, *c.* 1542–47 by the independent art historian Catherine Jenkins.

This three-volume book will be published in the first half of December 2017.



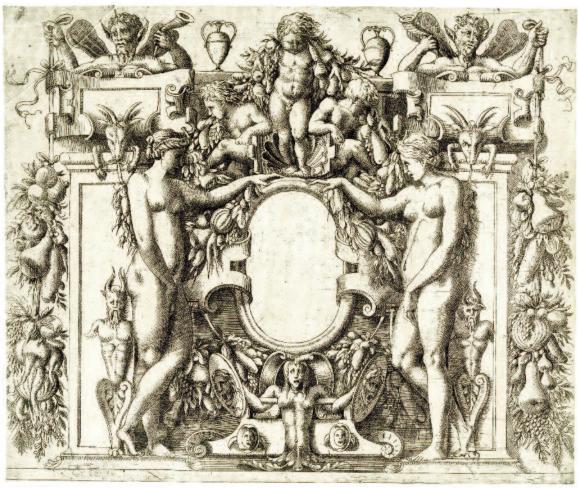


fig. 1

# PRINTS AT THE COURT OF FONTAINEBLEAU, C. 1542-47

The chateau of Fontainebleau, transformed into a magnificent palace during the reign of François Ier, was the birthplace of many of the greatest artistic innovations of the French Renaissance. The highly wrought, ornate decoration conceived for the interiors by the Italian artists Rosso Fiorentino and Francesco Primaticcio would have a profound effect on the course of French art. The prints that were produced at the palace in the 1540s became one of the main vehicles for the dissemination of this Fontainebleau style throughout France and beyond. *Prints at the Court of Fontainebleau, c. 1542-47*, to be published in three volumes in Sound & Vision's

Studies in Prints and Printmaking series, examines the etchings, engravings and woodcuts that were executed at the French court in a spurt of activity that lasted approximately five years. Known collectively as the School of Fontainebleau, these prints are particularly intriguing, not least for their lack of identifying inscriptions, their unusual, often amateurish appearance, and the total absence of documentary evidence on the circumstances of their production.

The term School of Fontainebleau, first coined by Adam Bartsch two centuries ago, has come to

encompass prints by a wide variety of artists and of disparate styles, some of them only tenuously linked to the art executed at the French court. A principal aim of the book is to define more precisely the prints that are likely to have been produced in a workshop at Fontainebleau, shedding light on the contributions of individual makers, their working practices and the collaborations between artists. It demonstrates that a relatively unified workshop was active at or near the palace between about 1542 and 1547, populated not only by the more well-known printmakers such as Léon Davent and Antonio Fantuzzi, but also by an important group of anonymous artists and monogrammists. The book will provide the first in-depth discussion on these anonymous masters, whose body of work constitutes about a third of the prints executed at Fontainebleau. Within this group, the oeuvre of the Master IVV is particularly interesting both for its range - from the literal to the highly inventive and even the bizarre – and the degree to which it pushes the boundaries of pictorial experimentation.

The book takes a technical approach to the material, which includes analysis of paper, draftsmanship, and printing techniques. When strands of visual and physical evidence are pulled together, a network of associations is woven from which a general picture of printmaking at Fontainebleau emerges. Such an object-based study allows for a clearer understanding of the prints, bringing to light a significant amount of new material and attributions. These include a number of etchings after Netherlandish artists such as Matthijs Cock and Herri met de Bles, a diverse group of little-known works after Michelangelo, and various model drawings used in the process of printmaking. Watermark analysis has led to the surprising discovery that chiaroscuro woodcuts were also made at Fontainebleau, demonstrating that this technique was known and appreciated in France earlier than previously thought.

One of the most distinctive aspects of the Fontainebleau prints is the breadth of influence they

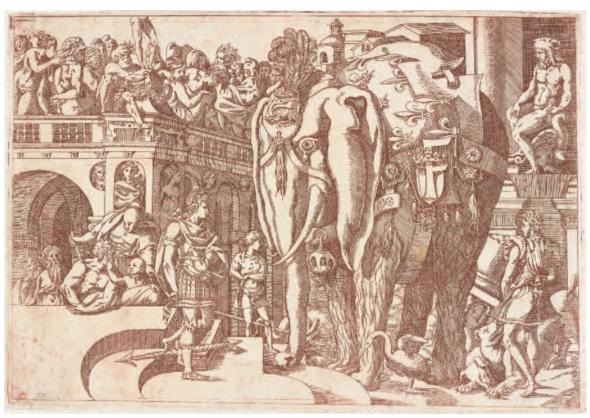


fig. 2

display and the manner in which the sources were used and interpreted by the printmakers. The book examines how the prints relate to their models in order to clarify the workshop practices that serve to shape and define the School. Often, the original source acted as a mere point of departure to be elaborated upon in imaginative ways, revealing the artistic personality of the individual printmaker. The identification of new sources provides added insight into the palace's lively artistic environment and the rich array of graphic material that circulated in its workshops. The designs of various Italian, Flemish and French artists provided inspiration for the printmakers, reflecting the diverse Fontainebleau site in which teams of artists from different corners of Europe were working side by side.

The first volume of the book is divided into chapters devoted to "Fontainebleau and its Printmakers" (Chapter One); "Sources" (Chapter Two); "Drawings as Evidence" (Chapter Three); and "Paper" (Chapter Four). The concluding chapter briefly addresses ways in which the prints produced at the French court may have been viewed and collected based on the visual information provided by the works themselves and the fragmentary evidence available regarding early collecting. Volumes II and III contain fully illustrated catalogues of the 440 prints from the School. Short entries accompany the catalogues of prints by Davent, Fantuzzi and Mignon, which give summary information on sources and related works, including early copies. The catalogues devoted to the lesser-known monogrammists and anonymous hands have full descriptive entries.

### Catherine Jenkins

Fig. 1. - *Ornamental Frame with Nude Figures*, Master of the Story of Cadmus, after Francesco Primaticcio, etching, 24.8 x 29.2 cm (London, British Museum, 1850,0527.133) Fig. 2. - *Royal Elephant*, Antonio Fantuzzi, after Francesco Primaticcio, etching, 29.9 x 44.2 cm (Rotterdam, Museum Boijmans van Beuningen, L1970/2) Fig. 3. - *Standing Nude Woman*, Léon Davent, after Francesco

Fig. 3. - *Standing Nude Woman*, Léon Davent, after Francesco Primaticcio (?), etching, 27.8 × 14.5 cm (New York, Metropolitan Museum of Art, 49.97.563)

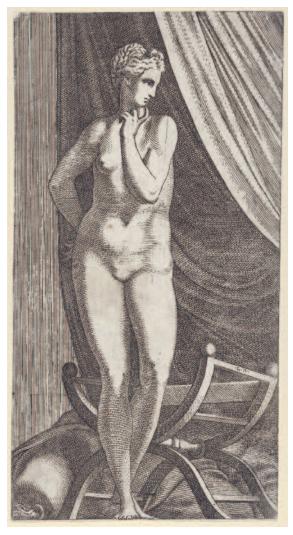


fig. 3

3 volume set 870 pages with more than 600 illustrations ISBN: 978-94-91539-40-4 Price € 495,00 per set

## PUBLISHING SCHEDULE

#### STUDIES IN PRINTS & PRINTMAKING

December 2017 Prints at the Court of Fontainebleau, c. 1542-47

#### THE HOLLSTEIN SERIES

Winter 2017/2018 Hollstein's German series – LXXXVI-LXXXVII

Spring/Summer 2018 The New Hollstein Dutch & Flemish series - Gerard and Cornelis de Jode I-IV

Summer 2018 Hollstein's German series – LXXXVIII-LXXXIX

Autumn 2018 The New Hollstein Dutch & Flemish series – Rubens (prints issued from his studio)

Publishing schedule may be subject to change.

\* Illustration page 1: Detail of *View of a River in a Valley*, etching, 27.8 x 36.3 cm, anonymous Fontainebleau School printmaker, Paris, Bibliothèque nationale de France, Réserve, ED-8 (B; 1b)-FOL



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